RubyConf China Why Ruby?

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Moore's Law

The number of Transistors in LSI Doubles Every 18 Months

Moore's Law Means:

Computer Grows Exponentially

- Faster
- Cheaper
- -More Common

Faster Computer

PCs are Faster than Super Computers of 20 Years Ago

Cheaper Computers

We can Buy a PC for \$400 Now

Common Computers

- Now Everyone Owns Computers
 - Personal Computers
 - Cell Phones

Cell Phone as a Computer



Cell Phone as a Computer



Everyone is Connected

- Broadband
- WiFi
- Mobile Networks

Influence in Programming

Moore's Law Changes

- Software Complexity
- Programming Languages

Software Complexity

- No Business Can Be Run without Software
- We Need More Software
 - Quicker
 - Cheaper

Humans Don't Improve

Moore's Law Does Not Apply to Humans

Productivity

-We Need More Software with Limited Resources

Productivity

- -We Have Faster Computers
- Development Efficiency At the Cost of Runtime Efficiency

Productivity

- The Most Important Factor of Language Evolution
- Languages are One of the Tools for Productivity

How Languages Help Productivity

Sapir-Whorf hypothesis

Language determines the way we think.

Theorem #1

Languages influence human thought, more than you think

Programming Languages

Do programming languages influence human thoughts?

Thinking in Programming Language

- Natural languages are too ambiguous.
- Or, too verbose.
- Or, too indirect.

Thinking in Programming Language.

If programmers think in programming languages,
They must influence thoughts as much as natural languages do.

Theorem #2

"languages" in Theorem #1 includes programming languages.

Why don't you choose a good language?

Programming languages are so easy to learn.

What is a good language?

The language that helps thinking

Recursion

BASIC did not allow recursion

Factorial

```
def fact(n)
 if n == 0
 else
  n * fact(n - 1)
 end
end
print "6!=", fact(6), "\n"
6!=740
```

A good Language

does not restrict our thought

Factorial Again

```
print "200!=", fact(200), "\n"
```

Less Restriction

```
print "200!=", fact(200), "\n"
```

Ruby

A good language

Consise

Succinctness is Power

by Paul Graham

- Fred Brooks' Law

Succinctness is Power

- Less Code, Less Bugs
- Less Bugs, You Feel Yourself Smarter.
- You can be 10 times (or even 1000 times) more productive

More Factorial

```
class Factorial {
 private static int fact(int n) {
  if (n == 1) return 1;
  return n * fact(n - 1);
 public static void main(String[] argv) {
  System.out.println("6!="+fact(6));
6! = 740
```

Succinctness Example

```
def fact(n)
 if n == 1
 else
  n * fact(n - 1)
 end
end
print "6!=", fact(6), "\n"
6! = 740
                      Ruby
```

A good language

Inspiring

Functional Factorial

```
def fact(n)
  (1..n).inject(:*)
end
print "6!=", fact(6), "\n"
6!=740
```

A good language

makes better programming experience

For Better Programming Experience

- Learnability
- Efficiency
- -Memorability
- Errors
- Satisfaction
 According to Dr. Jacob Nielsen

Learnability

How easy is it for users to accomplish basic tasks the first time they encounter the design?

Learnability

- Usability for Beginners
- Important to Acquire New Users
- "Common Sense" is the Key

Efficiency

Once users have learned the design, how quickly can they perform tasks?

Efficiency

- More important than learnability
- Efficiency is the top purpose of languages

Memorability

When users return to the design after a period of not using it, how easily can they reestablish proficiency?

Memorability

- -Association
- Consistency
- Orthogonality
- Common Sense
- No Radical

Errors

How many errors do users make, how severe are these errors, and how easily can they recover from these errors?

Errors

- •When you see repeated errors, you have to do something.
- Errors are the source of design inspiration.

Satisfaction

How pleasant is it to use the design?

Satisfaction

- -We program to have fun.
- Even when we program for money, we want to have fun as well.

How Ruby Serves

- Learnability
- Efficiency
- -Memorability
- Errors
- Satisfaction

How Ruby Serves

- Learnability
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Learnability

Ruby is very conservative except for a few places

- •Quick to learn
- •Quick to try

Learnability Example

Hello World!

print "Hello World\n" Hello World

How Ruby Serves

- Learnability
- Efficiency
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- Satisfaction

Efficiency

No Run-Time Efficiency

Ruby focuses on the cost of programming.

Devlopment Efficiency

Ruby focuses on the cost of programming by

- Simplicity
- Consistency
- Smartness

Simplicity

Do you like programming language to be simple?

Probably you do.

Simplicity

Does language simplicity really help you?

- not always.
- need more complex tool sometimes

Need More Complex Tool

- Knife vs Chain Saw
- Bicycle vs Airplane

Human Heart: No Simple



- We love simplicity
- -We love complexity
- We love easy problems
- -We hate easy problems

Pseudo-Simplicity

Ruby is NOT a simple language.

Simplicity Example

Rakefile

Rake = Ruby Make

```
task :default => [:test]
task :test do
  ruby "test/unittest.rb"
end
```

Simplicity Example

In Simpler Syntax

```
task({:default => [:test]})
task(:test, lambda(){
  ruby "test/unittest.rb"
})
```

Solution-Simplicity

Tool Complexity is OK if it makes the Solution Simple

Efficiency Example

/bin/cat in Ruby

puts ARGF

It would be more than 50 lines of code in C

How Ruby Serves

- Learnability
- Efficiency
- -Memorability
- Errors
- Satisfaction

Memorability

- Conservativeness helps here too
- Easy-to-remember syntax
 - Ruby looks like other languages

Memorability Example

Can you write /bin/cat -n without looking anything?

```
I can, if I use Ruby.

ARGF.each_with_index{|line,i|
printf "%4d %s",i,line
}
```

How Ruby Serves

- Learnability
- Efficiency
- -Memorability
- Errors
- Satisfaction

Errors

- You will see less errors due to
- Consistent Syntax Rules
- Succinct Code
 - Less code, Less bug.

How Ruby Serves

- Learnability
- Efficiency
- -Memorability
- Errors
- Satisfaction

Satisfaction

As a result, Ruby is fun to use.

It makes you feel smarter.

Ruby the Language

Ruby is Good for

- Text Processing
- -Web Programming
- XML Programming
- GUI Applications

Ruby is Good for

- Bioinformatics
- eXtreme Programming

"I love it. Conceptually it is really clean and sweet."
-- Kent Beck

Why I created Ruby

- Just for Fun
- Tool for me myself
- Ideal tool for Everyday Task

How I created Ruby

- Combine Good Things from the Past
- Design Conservative
- Design a Tool I Want to Use
- To Have Fun

The History of the Ruby Language

Pre-History

- OO Fanboy
- Language Geek

- Project Started
- Mere Hobby

Goals

- Scripting
 - a la Perl
- Nice Clean Syntax
- With OO

Real Goal

To Enjoy

- Making Language
- Implementation
- Programming

- Lisp Semantics
- Smalltalk OO
- Conservative Syntax

- Deconstruct Perl
- Reorganize into Class Library

- Iterators from CLU
- Higher-order Functions using Blocks

- Some Spice from Python
- ...and other languages

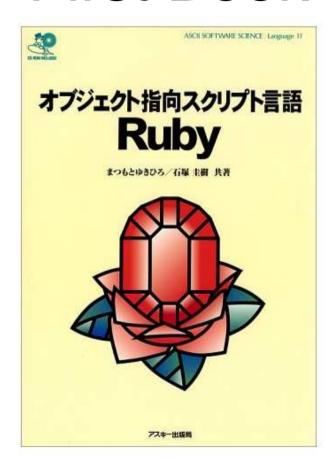
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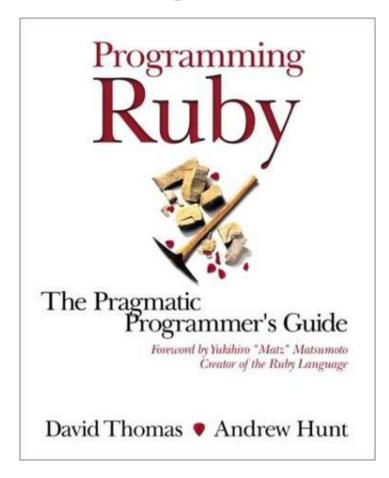
fj.sources

- -Hired by NaCl
- Became Full-time OSS Developer

First Book



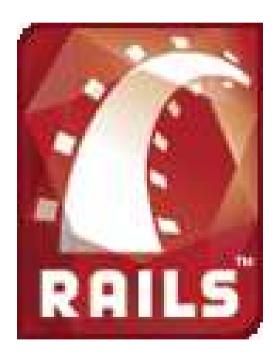
First English Book



Ruby in early 2000s

Became a Language for Geeks

Ruby on Rails



Ruby on Rails

Web Application Framework

Web development that doesn't hurt

Ruby on Rails

- 10x Productive than Java
- 15 Minutes to code Blog

Enterprise Ruby

Ruby started to be used in the Enterprise Environment

Enterprise Ruby

Concerns

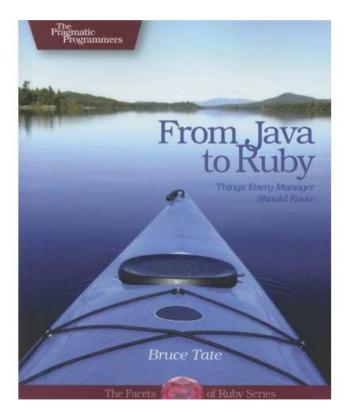
- Fast Enough?
- Scales?

Enterprise Ruby

Issues are Matters of Resource/Money We Put in.

Ruby's Mindshare

From Java To Ruby



What's "Enterprise"?

What Major Players Recommend:

- Sun Microsystems
- -Microsoft
- Apple
- Etc.

Why Ruby?

- Ruby is Productive
- -Ruby is Motivating
- Ruby is Fun

A Message from Ruby

Enjoy Programming!